



Government of India Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (Issued by the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority(SEIAA), TAMIL NADU)

To,

The Managing Director M/S. TAMIL NADU MINERALS LIMITED

M/s. Tamil Nadu Minerals Limited (Government of Tamil Nadu undertaking) 31 Kamarajar Salai, Chepauk, Chennai, Tamil Nadu - 600005 -600005

Subject: Grant of Environmental Clearance (EC) to the proposed Project Activity

under the provision of EIA Notification 2006-regarding

Sir/Madam,

This is in reference to your application for Environmental Clearance (EC) in respect of project submitted to the SEIAA vide proposal number SIA/TN/MIN/443551/2023 dated 02 Nov 2023. The particulars of the environmental clearance granted to the project are as below.

EC25B001TN116257 1. EC Identification No.

2. File No. 6709

3. **Project Type** Expansion

4. Category

Project/Activity including 1(a) Mining of minerals 5.

Schedule No.

PANCHAPALLI & NAMMANDAHALLI 6. Name of Project BLACK GRANITE & GRANITIC GNEISS QUARRY

7. Name of Company/Organization M/S. TAMIL NADU MINERALS LIMITED 8. **Location of Project** TAMIL NADU

9. **TOR Date** N/A

The project details along with terms and conditions are appended herewith from page no 2 onwards.

(e-signed) A R Rahul Nadh IAS Date: 21/05/2025 **Member Secretary** SEIAA - (TAMIL NAĎU)



Note: A valid environmental clearance shall be one that has EC identification number & E-Sign generated from PARIVESH.Please quote identification number in all future correspondence.

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THIRU. A.R. RAHUL NADH, I.A.S. MEMBER SECRETARY

STATE LEVEL ENVIRONMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY-TAMILNADU

3rd Floor, Panagal Maaligai, No.1, Jeenis Road, Saidapet, Chennai - 600 015. Phone No. 044-24359973 Fax No. 044-24359975

ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE

Lr. No.SEIAA-TN/F.No.6709/1(a)/2025, dated:15.05.2025.

Sir/Madam.

Sub: SEIAA-TN Existing Black granite and Proposed Granitic Gneiss quarry lease over an extent of 16.54.0 Ha at SF No. 287 of Panchapalli Village & SF No. 19 of Namandahalli Village, Palacode Taluk, Dharmapuri District, Tamil Nadu by M/s. Tamil Nadu Minerals Limited – under Category "B1" of Item 1(a) "Mining of Minerals Projects" of the Schedule to the EIA Notification, 2006 issue of Environmental Clearance – Regarding.

Ref:

- 1. ToR issued vide SEIAA-TN SEIAA-Lr. No. TN/F.No.6709/1(a)/ToR/1339/2022 dated 16.02.2023.
- 2. Public Hearing conducted on 11.07.2023.
- 3. Online Proposal No. SIA/TN/MIN/443551/2023 dated 22.09.2023.
- 4. Your Application for Environmental Clearance dated: 22.09.2023.
- 5. Minutes of the meeting 549th of SEAC held on 07.04.2025.
- 6. Minutes of the meeting 822nd of SEIAA held on 15.05.2025.

Details of Minor Mineral Activity:-

This has reference to your application 3rd & 4th cited. The proposal is for obtaining Environmental Clearance for mining / quarrying of minor minerals based on the particulars furnished in your application as shown below.

Sl.	Salient Features of the Proposal
No	Salient reatures of the rroposal

MEMBER SECRETARY

Page 2 SETAA-TN

	N 64 0 75		M/s/ Tamil Nadu Minerals Limited,			
1.		J.				
	Address		•			
			Chennai - 600 005.			
Address Chepauk, Chennai - 600 005. Type of quarrying (Ordinary Stone/Sand/Granite/Limestone) S.F. Nos. of the quarry site Village in which situated Panchapalli & Namandaha Taluk in which situated District in which situated Extent of quarry (in ha.) Latitude & Longitude of all corners of the quarry site. Topo Sheet No. Type of mining Chepauk, Chennai - 600 005. Black Granite & Granitic Ordinary Panchapalli & Namandaha 1 Palacode 1 Dharmapuri 12°28'33.38" N to 12°28'5 77°57'32.69" E to 77°57'5 Dependent Semi-mechaniz Habitations: Kuttandahalli Village Water bodies: Eripanchapalli Lak	Black Granite & Granitic Gneiss					
	<u>'</u>					
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	:				
4.		:				
5.	Taluk in which situated	:	Palacode			
6.	District in which situated	:	Dharmapuri			
7,	Extent of quarry (in ha.)	:	16.54.0 Ha			
Q	Latitude & Longitude of all corners		12°28'33.38" N to 12°28'53.66" N			
0.	of the quarry site.		77°57'32.69" E to 77°57'59.54" E"			
9.	Topo Sheet No.	٥	57L/2,3 & 57H/14,15			
10.	Type of mining	:	Open cast Semi- mechanized Mining Method			
			Habitations:			
			 Kuttandahalli Village – 420m - E 			
	-		Water bodies:			
			 Eripanchapalli Lake - 2.47Km - SSW 			
			Panchapalli Dam - 2.83 Km - W			
			Nearest Reserve Forest:			
11.	Details of Environmental Setting.		 Udedurgam RF – 880m - WNW 			
			Wild life sanctuary:			
			Cauvery North Wildlife Sanctuary ESZ			
			(Notification issued) Very near to the project			
			site – 3 m NW.			
			Cauvery South Wildlife Sanctuary ESZ			
			(Notification not issued) 18.0 km SW.			
	D II		EC obtained vide Lr.No. SEIAA-TN/F.No.778/			
12.	Details of Previous History	•	EC/1(a)/2504/2013, dated 01.12.2015.			
12.	Details of Previous History	1	EC obtained vide Lr.No. SEIAA-TN/F.N			

		T	As per AD, Mines letter dated 04.04.2025, there is an
			existing pit 1 and pit 2 of depth 7m and pit 3 is of
			depth 14m.
13.	Period of Current mine Plan	:	5 Years
	Production (Quantity in m ³)	İ	1,62,533 m ³ of ROM of Black Granite which
14	il de la companya de	ŀ	includes Recovery of 16,253 m ³ (@ 10%) and
17.			Rejects of 1,46,281 m ³ (@ 90%) and 20,18,784 m ³
			of ROM of Granitic Gneiss.
15.	Depth of mining		30m from the top of the hill
16.	Depth of water table	•	2-18m BGL
17.	Man Power requirement per day:	:	30 Nos.
	Water requirement:		1.5 KLD
	1. Drinking & Domestic		0.5 KLD
18.	2. Wire saw cutting	0.3 KLD	
16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24.	3. Dust Suppression		0.3 KLD
	4. Green belt		0.4 KLD
19.	Power requirement	:	200 liters/day for DG
	Precise area communication		
20.	approved by the Principal Secretary	:	Letter no. 20805/MME.1/2008-3 dated 14.09.2011.
	to Government		
	Mining Plan approved by the Joint		
21.	Director of Dept. of Geology &	:	Rc.No.1124/MM4/2022 dated:08.03.2022.
	Mining		
	500m cluster letter issued by the		
22.	Assistant Director of Dept. of	:	Rc.No. 61/2007(Mines) dated:04.04.2025.
	Geology and Mining.		
23.	VAO Certificate Regarding		Letter Dated: 04.04.2025.
,	Structures within 300m Radius	•	Letter Dated: 04.04.2023.
24.	Project Cost (excluding EMP cost)	:	Rs. 97,92,000/-
25	EMP cost (in Rs. Lakhs).		Capital Cost – Rs. 69,91,550/-
		*5	Recurring cost – Rs. 22,58,430/- per Annum
26.	CER cost (in Rs. Lakhs).	:	Rs. 4,00,000/-
		_	

Validity:

This Environmental Clearance is accorded for quantity 1,62,533 m³ of ROM of Black Granite which includes Recovery of 16,253 m³ (@ 10%) and Rejects of 1,46,281 m³ (@ 90%) and 20,18,784 m³ of ROM of Granitic Gneiss up to the depth of 30m from the top of the hill and the annual peak production of not exceeding 3,253 m³ Black Granite @ 10% Recovery & 4,71,221 m³ of Granitic Gneiss.

The Environmental Clearance issued is valid as per the approved mine plan period and as per MoEF&CC's notification S.O.1533(E) dated.14.09.2006 and S.O. 1807(E) dated 12.04.2022.

AFFIDAVIT FURNHSED BY THE PROPONENT

I, Dr. E.Ganesan, represents M/s. Tamil Nadu Minerals Limited, as Deputy Manager (ML) and authorized signatory of the project solemnly declare and sincerely affirm that:

We have applied for getting environment clearance to SEIAA, Tamil Nadu for quarry lease for Panchapalli & Namandahalli Black Granite & Granitic Gneiss Quarry over an extent of 16.54.0 Ha of Government Poramboke land in S.F.No: 287 & 19, Panchapalli & Namandahalli Village, Dharmapuri District., Tamil Nadu.

1. As per the direction of the committee we will do the followings activities under Corporate Environmental Responsibility (CER) activities for Government School, Sulamalai Village, Krishnagiri District.

S.No	CER Activities	Total in Lakhs
1.	Developing Drinking water facility (Panchapalli & Namandahalli each Rs. 0.5 Lakh)	1
2.	Toilet facilities for Govt. School for both Villages	2
3.	Providing Library books regarding environmental aspect for both school Rs.0.25 Lakh each	0.5
4.	Greenbelt development within the school premises	0.5
	Total	4.0

2. As per the direction of committee we will complete the followings Environmental Management Plan (EMP) activities before commencement of the quarrying activities.

S.No	Mitigation Measure	Capital Cost (in lakhs)	Recurring Cost/ Annum (in lakhs)
Air Env	ironment	,	J.
1	Compaction, gradation and drainage on		
	both sides for Haulage Road	1,65,400	1,65,400
2	Fixed Water Sprinkling Arrangements		
	+ Water sprinkling by own water		
	tankers	8,00,000	50,000
3	Air Quality will be regularly monitored		
	as per norms within ML area &		
	Ambient Area		40,000
4	Muffle blasting – To control fly rocks		
	during blasting	-	10,000
5	Wet drilling procedure / latest eco-		
	friendly drill machine with separate dust		
	extractor unit	25,000	2500
6	No overloading of trucks/tippers/tractors	<u>~</u> .	5,000
7	Stone carrying trucks will be covered by		
	tarpaulin	=:	10,000
8	Enforcing speed limits of 20 km/hr within		
	ML area	20,000	2,000
9	Regular monitoring of exhaust fumes as		
	per RTO norms	0	5,000
10	Regular sweeping and maintenance of		
	approach roads for at least about 200 m		
	from ML Area	-	30,000
11	Installing wheel wash system near gate		
	of quarry	50,000	20,000
	Sub -total (A)	10,50,400	3,39,900
Noise En	vironment		



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	management(spent oil, grease)		
	Sub -total (C)	1,65,400	82,700
21	Water management (Provision for garland drain)	1,65,400	82,700
	Water Environm	ent	
	Sub -total (B)	20000	4,55,050
	control Ground vibration and fly rocks	50000	4,55,030
20	NONEL Blasting will be practiced to	0	30
19	Provision for Portable blaster shed	50,000	5,000
	will be adopted and clearance of the area before blasting will be ensured.	0	50,000
18	Proper warning system before blasting		50,000
	and implementing controlled blasting.		
	reduce the PPV from blasting activity	0	50,000
17	Line Drilling all along the boundary to		
	blasting site at the time of charging.		
	required will be kept adequately near	0	10,000
16	Safety tools and implements that are		
15	It will be ensured that all transportation vehicles carry a fitness certificate.	0	0
	all the diesel engines of vehicles.		
14	Adequate silencers will be provided in	0	10,000
	done		
	and HEMM at regular interval will be	0	10,000
13	Oiling & greasing of Transport vehicles		
	regular intervals.		
	this proper maintenance will be done at	0	3,20,000
	of transportation vehicles, HEMM for		2 20 000



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GIECH D	CIUT)	2,50,000	12,000
Green B	Sub -total (E)	53,55,750	13,63,800
35			7,80,000
34	Implementation as per Mining Plan and ensure safe quarry working	0	7.80.000
2.4	mines and mine entrance	30,000	5,000
33	Installation of CCTV cameras in the		
	deployed for traffic management	8,27,000	20,600
	vehicles /HEMMs. Flaggers will be		
	the bottom of the hill will be made for		
	transport routes. Separate provision on		
32	No parking will be provided on the		
	wire fencing around the lease area	10,47,750	3,30,800
31	Construction of Green mesh along with	,,	2,00,100
	be provisioned.	33,08,000	1,65,400
30	Barbed Wire Fencing to quarry area will	3,000	1,000
	signages, boards.	5,000	1,000
29	First aid facility will be provided Mine will have safety precaution	8,000	0
28		0	30,000
21	Health check up for workers will be provisioned	0	20.000
27	Protective Equipment's	1,20,000	30,000
26	Workers will be provided with Personal	1.00.000	20.000
	Signage & boards for safety precautions	10,000	1,000
25	Implementation of EC, Mining Plan & DG	GMS Condition	T
	Sub -total (D)	1,10,000	5,000
	mine lease on the land of owner itself	,	
24	Bio toilets will be made available outside	60,000	0
23	Installation of dust bins		,
	and disposal through authorized agency	50,000	5,000
22	Provision for domestic waste collection		8 8

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Grand Total(A+B+C+D+E+F)	69,91,550	22,58,430			
Capital cost of proposed project is Rs 69.91 lakh	s and the Recurring co	st is Rs. 22.58			
lakhs					

- 3. The quarries are located within 500m radius from the periphery of our quarry lease area.
 - i) Details of Existing,

S. No	Name of the Lessee	Name of the village and Survey numbers	Extent in hectares	Lease period	Remarks
1	Tvl. J.R. Granites PVT ltd Door No.106 JR. Nivas, Denkanikottai Road, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	Panchapalli Village & Palacode Taluk, 91/2, 95/1A(P), 95/2A, 95/2B, 95/2C and 97/1B(P)	3.70.0	10.07.2020 to 09.072040	Non operation
2	Thiru. C. Sathishkumar, Sarveswarankoil Street, Annanagar, Madurai-30	Panchapalli Village & Palacode Taluk, S.F.No 98/1A, 98/1B etc	4.62.0	13.2007 to 02.12.2027	Non operation
3	Tvl. J.R.Granites Private Limited, Door No.106, JR.NIvas, Denkanikottai Road, Hosur Taluk, Krishnagiri District	27/2D(Part), 28/1(Part)	1.22.0	23.12.2013 to 22.12.2033	Non operation

ii) Details of Expired Quarries:

S.No	Name of the Lessee	Name of the village and Survey numbers	Extent in hectares	Lease period	Remarks
		Nil			

- 4. There will not be hindrance or disturbance to the people living during quarrying and transportation.
- 5. There is no approved habitation within 300m radius from the periphery of quarry.

MEMBER SECRETARY
Page 9 of SEIAA-TN

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- 6. I swear that afforestation will be carried out during the course of quarrying operation and maintained.
- 7. The required insurance will be taken in the name of the labourers working in quarry site.
- 8. The approach road from the main road to quarry is already exists and same will be maintained in a good condition for the haulage of quarry materials and machineries.
- 9. I will not engage any child labour in quarry site and I aware that engaging child labour is punishable under the law.
- 10. All types of safety/ protective equipment will be provided to all the labourers working in quarry.

I ensure to do the social and environment commitment as mentioned in the Mining plan to the best of our knowledge.

DETAILS OF QUARRIES LOCATED WITHTN 500M RADILS FROM THE PROPOSED QUARRY:

The Project Proponent has submitted a copy of the letter obtained from the Assistant Director, Department of Geology and Mining, Dharmapuri District in his letter Letter No Rc.No. 61/2007(Mines) dated:04.04.2025.has stated that the details of other quarries (Proposed / Existing / Abandoned Quarries) within a radius 500m from the boundary of the proposed quarry site as follows.

Abandoned Quarry

S.	Name and address	Village &	S.F.Nos	Extent in	Classification	Lease		
No	of the lessee	taluk	3.1.1108	hectares	of land	Period		
Nil								

Existing Quarry

No	Name and address of the Lessee	Village & Taluk	S.F.Nos	Extent in hectares	Lease period	Status
	Tvl. J.R. Granites PVT ltd Door No.106 JR. Nivas, Denkanikottai Road,	Panchapalli Village & Palacode Taluk,	91/2, 95/1A(P), 95/2A, 95/2B, 95/2C and 97/1B(P)	3.70.0	10.07. 2020 to 09.072 040	Non operation (permit Lastly obtained on 03.12.2021)

-	Hosur Taluk,					Existing
	Krishnagiri District					quarry of
						the
						application
			1			for which
			l .			EC
						extension
						now sought
				-		for
-	TT1 : C	Panchapalli				Non
	Thiru. C.	Village &			13.200	operation
	Sathishkumar,	Palacode Taluk,	S.F.No 98/1A,	4.60.0	7 to	(Permit
3	Sarveswarankoil		98/1B etc	4.62.0	02.12.	Lastly
	Street, Annanagar,		1		2027	obtained on
	Madurai-30					10.01.2017)
=	Tvl. J.R.Granites	Panchapalli			23.12.	.Non
	Private Limited, Door	Village &			2013	operation
	No.106, JR.NIvas,	Palacode Taluk	27/2D(Part),	1.22.0	to	(Permit
3	Denkanikottai Road,		28/1(Part)	1.22.0	22.12.	lastly
	Hosur Taluk,				2033	obtained on
	Krishnagiri District				2033	25.04.2018)

Any other Proposed Quarry

S.No	Name and address of the lessee	Village & taluk	S.F.Nos	Extent in hectares	Classification of land
			Nil		

DISCUSSION BY SEIAA AND THE REMARKS: -

The subject was placed in this 822nd meeting of SEIAA held on 15.05.2025. The Authority noted that the subject was placed in the 549th meeting of SEAC-I held on 07.04.2025. The SEAC-I has furnished its recommendations for granting Environmental Clearance subject to the conditions stated therein.





After detailed discussions, the Authority taking into account the recommendations of SEAC-I and also the safety aspects and to ensure sustainable, scientific and systematic mining, decided to grant Environmental Clearance for the quantity of 1,62,533 m³ of ROM of Black Granite which includes Recovery of 16,253 m³ (@ 10%) and Rejects of 1,46,281 m³ (@ 90%) and 20,18,784 m³ of ROM of Granitic Gneiss up to the ultimate depth of 30 m from the top of the hill and the annual peak production of not exceeding 3,253 m³ Black Granite @ 10% Recovery & 4,71,221 m³ of Granitic Gneiss. This is also subject to the conditions imposed by SEAC-I, normal conditions stipulated by MOEF&CC in addition to the following conditions and the conditions in Annexure 'A' of this minutes.

- 1. Keeping in view of MoEF&CC's notification S.O.1533(E) dated.14.09.2006 and S.O. 1807(E) dated 12.04.2022, this Environmental Clearance is valid as per the approved mine plan period (5 Years).
- 2. The EC granted is valid only for Black Granite @ 10% recovery and Granitic Gneiss.
- 3. The EC granted is subject to review by District Collector, Mines Dept. and TNPCB on completion of every 5 years and also during the mine plan period, till the project life so as to review the EC conditions and to ensure that they have all been adhered to and implemented.
- 4. The project proponent shall submit a Certified Compliance Report obtained from RO of MoEF&CC to the monitoring, regulatory and other concerned authorities including SEIAA, while seeking a renewal of the mining plan to cover the project life.
- 5. There should be regular monitoring of air quality, water quality, ground water level and noise quality and reports regarding the same should be submitted to TNPCB, SEIAA & RO of MoEF&CC once in every 6 months.
- 6. The proponent shall strictly adhere to the mining plan and half yearly and annual returns shall be submitted to the Director of Geology and Mining Department with copy marked to TNPCB, SEIAA & RO of MoEF&CC.
- 7. Biodiversity in and around the project area should be monitored frequently and detailed biodiversity report should be submitted every year to SEIAA & RO of MoEF&CC.
- 8. The progressive and final mine closure plan including the green belt implementation and Environmental norms should be strictly followed as per the EMP and as per the amount committed and approved in EC for EMP. Status of progressive mine closure



- and green belt implementation should be included in the half yearly compliance report submitted to TNPCB, SEIAA & RO of MoEF&CC.
- 9. As per the OM vide F. No. IA3-22/1/2022-IA-III [E- 172624] Dated: 14.06.2022, the Project Proponents are directed to submit the six-monthly compliance on the Environmental conditions prescribed in the prior Environmental clearance letter(s) through newly developed compliance module in the PARIVESH Portal from the respective login. A copy of the half yearly compliance report should be mailed to envcompseiaatn@gmail.com.
- 10. The amount allocated for EMP should be kept in a separate account and both the capital and recurring expenditures should be done year wise for the works identified, approved and as committed. The work & expenditure made under EMP should be elaborated in the bi-annual compliance report submitted and also should be brought to the notice of concerned authorities during inspections.
- 11. The project proponent shall store/dump the rejects generated within the earmarked area of the project site and utilize the same for mine closure as per the approved mine closure plan.
- 12. The plantation of saplings shall be carried out in the earmarked greenbelt area as a part of the tree plantation campaign "Ek Ped Ma Ke Naam" and the details of the same shall be uploaded in the MeriLiFE Portal (https://merilife.nic.in

Annexure 'A'

a) EC Compliance

- 1. The Environmental Clearance is accorded based on the assurance from the project proponent that there will be full and effective implementation of all the undertakings given in the Application Form, Pre-feasibilty Report, mitigation measures as assured in the Environmental Impact Assessment/ Environment Management Plan and the mining features including Progressive Mine Closure Plan as submitted with the application.
- 2. All the conditions as presented by the proponent in the PPT during SEAC appraisal should be addressed in Full.
- 3. The proponent shall submit Compliance Reports on the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions including results of monitored data. It shall be sent to the respective Regional Office of Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change, Govt. of India and also to the Office of State Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA).

4. Concealing the factual data or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

b) Applicable Regulatory Frameworks

5. The project proponent shall strictly adhere to the provisions of Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991, along with their amendments, Minor Mineral Conservation & Development Rules, 2010 framed under MMDR Act 1957, National Commission for protection of Child Right Rules, 2006, Wildlife Protection Act, 1972, Forest Conservation Act, 1980, Biodiversity Conservation Act, 2016, the Biological Diversity Act, 2002, Biological diversity Rules, 2004 & TN Forest Act, 1882 and Rules made there under and also any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India/Hon'ble High Court of Madras and any other Courts of Law relating to the subject matter

c) Safe mining Practices

- 6. The AD/DD, Dept. of Geology & Mining shall ensure operation of the proposed quarry after the submission slope stability study conducted through the reputed research & Academic Institutions such as NIRM, IITs, NITS Anna University, and any CSIR Laboratories etc.
- 7. The AD/DD, Dept. of Geology & Mining & Director General of Mine safety shall ensure strict compliance and implementation of bench wise recommendations/action plans as recommended in the scientific slope stability study of the reputed research & Academic Institutions as a safety precautionary measure to avoid untoward accidents during mining operation.
- 8. A minimum buffer distance specified as per existing rules and statutory orders shall be maintained from the boundary of the quarry to the nearest dwelling unit or other structures, and from forest boundaries or any other ecologically sensitive and archeologically important areas or the specific distance specified by SEIAA in EC as per the recommendations of SEAC depending on specific local conditions.

d) Water Environment - Protection and mitigation measures

9. The proponent shall ensure that the activity does not disturb the water bodies and natural flow of surface and groundwater, nor cause any pollution, to water sources in the area.

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- 10. The proponent shall ensure that the activities do not impact the water bodies/wells in the neighboring open wells and bore wells. The proponent shall ensure that the activities do not in any way affect the water quantity and quality in the open wells and bore wells in the vicinity or impact the water table and levels. The proponent shall ensure that the activities do not disturb the river flow, nor affect the Odai, Water bodies, Dams in the vicinity.
- 11. Water level in the nearest dug well in the downstream side of the quarry should be monitored regularly and included in the Compliance Report.
- 12. Quality of water discharged from the quarry should be monitored regularly as per the norms of State Pollution Control Board and included in the Compliance Report.
- 13. Rain Water Harvesting facility should be installed as per the prevailing provisions of TNMBR/TNCDBR, unless otherwise specified. Maximum possible solar energy generation and utilization shall be ensured as an essential part of the project.
- 14. Regular monitoring of flow rates and water quality upstream and downstream of the springs and perennial nallahs flowing in and around the mine lease area shall be carried out and reported in the compliance reports to SEIAA.
- 15. Regular monitoring of ground water level and water quality shall be carried out around the mine area during mining operation. At any stage, if it is observed that ground water table is getting depleted due to the mining activity; necessary corrective measures shall be carried out.
- 16. Garland drains and silt traps are to be provided in the slopes around the core area to channelize storm water. De-silting of Garland canal and silt traps have to be attended on a daily basis. A labour has to be specifically assigned for the purpose. The proponent shall ensure the quality of the discharging storm water as per the General Effluent Discharge Standards of CPCB.

e) Air Environment - Protection and mitigation measures

- 17. The activity should not result in CO₂ release and temperature rise and add to micro climate alternations.
- 18. The proponent shall ensure that the activities undertaken do not result in carbon emission, and temperature rise, in the area.
- 19. The proponent shall ensure that Monitoring is carried out with reference to the quantum of particulate matter during excavation; blasting; material transport and also from cutting waste dumps and haul roads.

f) Soil Environment - Protection and mitigation measures

- 20. The proponent shall ensure that the operations do not result in loss of soil biological properties and nutrients.
- 21. The proponent shall ensure that activity does not deplete the indigenous soil seed bank and disturb the mycorrizal fungi, soil organism, soil community nor result in eutrophication of soil and water.
- 22. The activities should not disturb the soil properties and seed and plant growth. Soil amendments as required to be carried out, to improve soil health.
- 23. Bio remediation using microorganisms should be carried out to restore the soil environment to enable carbon sequestration.
- 24. The proponent shall ensure that the mine restoration is done using mycorrizal VAM, vermin-composting, Biofertilizers to ensure soil health and biodiversity conservation.
- 25. The proponent shall ensure that the topsoil is protected and used in planting activities in the area.
- 26. The proponent shall ensure that topsoil to be utilized for site restoration and Green belt alone within the proposed area.
- 27. The top soil shall be temporarily stored at earmarked place (s) and used for land reclamation and plantation. The over burden (OB) generated during the mining operations shall be stacked at earmarked dump site(s) only. The OB dumps should be scientifically vegetated with suitable native species to prevent erosion and surface run off. At critical points, use of geotextile shall be undertaken for stabilization of the dump. Protective wall or gabions should be made around the dump to prevent erosion / flow of sediments during rains. The entire excavated area shall be backfilled.
- 28. Activities should not result in invasion of site by exotic and alien plant and animal species and disturb the native biodiversity and soil micro flora and fauna.

g) Noise Environment – Protection and mitigation measures

- 29. The peak particle velocity at 500m distance or within the nearest habitation, whichever is closer shall be monitored periodically as per applicable DGMS guidelines.
- 30. The sound at project sites disturb the villages in respect of both human and animal population. Consequent sleeping disorders and stress may affect the health in the villages located close to mining operations. Hence, the PP shall ensure that the biological clock of the villages are not disturbed because of the mining activity.

h) Biodiversity - Protection and mitigation measures

- 31. The proponent should ensure that there is no disturbance to the agriculture plantations, social forestry plantations, waste lands, forests, sanctuary or national parks. There should be no impact on the land, water, soil and biological environment and other natural resources due to the mining activities.
- 32. No trees in the area should be removed and all the trees numbered and protected. In case trees fall within the proposed quarry site the trees may be transplanted in the Greenbelt zone. The proponent shall ensure that the activities in no way result in disturbance to forest and trees in vicinity. The proponent shall ensure that the activity does not disturb the movement of grazing animals and free ranging wildlife. The proponent shall ensure that the activity does not disturb the biodiversity, the flora & fauna in the ecosystem. The proponent shall ensure that the activity does not result in invasion by invasive alien species. The proponent shall ensure that the activities do not disturb the resident and migratory birds. The proponent shall ensure that the activities do not disturb the vegetation and wildlife in the adjoining reserve forests and areas around.
- 33. The proponent shall ensure that the activities do not disturb the agro biodiversity and agro farms. Actions to be taken to promote agroforestry, mixed plants to support biodiversity conservation in the mine restoration effort.
- 34. The proponent shall ensure that all mitigation measures listed in the EIA/EMP are taken to protect the biodiversity and natural resources in the area.
- 35. The proponent shall ensure that the activities do not impact green lands/grazing fields of all types surrounding the mine lease area which are food source for the grazing cattle.

i) Climate Change

- 36. The project activity should not in any way impact the climate and lead to a rise in temperature.
- 37. There should be least disturbance to landscape resulting in land use change, contamination and alteration of soil profiles leading to Climate Change.
- 38. Intensive mining activity should not add to temperature rise and global warming.
- 39. Operations should not result in GHG releases and extra power consumption leading to Climate Change.
- 40. Mining through operational efficiency, better electrification, energy use, solar usage, use of renewable energy should try to decarbonize the operations.

EC Identification No. - EC25B001TN116257 File No. - 6709 Date of Issue EC - 21/05/2025 Page 1

- 41. Mining Operation should not result in droughts, floods and water stress, and shortages, affecting water security both on site and in the vicinity.
- 42. Mining should not result in water loss from evaporation, leaks and wastage and should support to improve the ground water.
- 43. Mining activity should be flood proof with designs and the drainage, pumping techniques shall ensure climate-proofing and socio-economic wellbeing in the area and vicinity.

j) Reserve Forests & Protected Areas

- 44. The activities should provide nature based support and solutions for forest protection and wildlife conservation.
- 45. The project activities should not result in forest fires, encroachments or create forest fragmentation and disruption of forest corridors.
- 46. There should be no disturbance to the freshwater flow from the forest impacting the water table and wetlands.
- 47. The project proponent should support all activities of the forest department in creating awareness to local communities on forest conservation.
- 48. The project activities should not alter the geodiversity and geological heritage of the area.
- 49. The activities should not result in temperature rise due to increased fossil fuels usage disrupting the behaviour of wildlife and flora.
- 50. The activities should support and recognise the rights and roles of indigenous people and local communities and also support sustainable development.
- 51. The project activities should support the use of renewables for carbon capture and carbon storage in the project site and forest surrounds.
- 52. The project activities should not result in changes in forest structure, habitats and genetic diversity within forests.

k) Green Belt Development

- 53. The proponent shall ensure that in the green belt development more indigenous trees species (Appendix as per the SEAC Minutes) are planted.
- 54. The proponent shall ensure the area is restored and rehabilitated with native trees as recommended in SEAC Minutes (in Appendix).

I) Workers and their protection

MEMBER SECRETARY 05/2025 Page 18.0142

- 55. The project proponent is responsible for implementing all the provisions of labour laws applicable from time to time to quarrying /Mining operations. The workers on the site should be provided with on-site accommodation or facilities at a suitable boarding place, protective equipment such as ear muffs, helmet, etc.
- 56. The proponent has to provide insurance protection to the workers in the case of existing mining or provide the affidavit in case of fresh lease before execution of mining lease.
- 57. The workers shall be employed for working in the mines and the working hours and the wages shall be implemented/enforced as per the Mines Act, 1952.

m) Transportation

- 58. No Transportation of the minerals shall be allowed in case of roads passing through villages/ habitations. In such cases, PP shall construct a bypass road for the purpose of transportation of the minerals leaving an adequate gap (say at least 200 meters) so that the adverse impact of sound and dust along with chances of accidents could be mitigated. All costs resulting from widening and strengthening of existing public road network shall be borne by the PP in consultation with nodal State Govt. Department. Transportation of minerals through road movement in case of existing village/ rural roads shall be allowed in consultation with nodal State Govt. Department only after required strengthening such that the carrying capacity of roads is increased to handle the traffic load. The pollution due to transportation load on the environment will be effectively controlled and water sprinkling will also be done regularly. Vehicular emissions shall be kept under control and regularly monitored. Project should obtain Pollution Under Control (PUC) certificate for all the vehicles from authorized pollution testing centers.
- 59. The Main haulage road within the mine lease should be provided with a permanent water sprinkling arrangement for dust suppression. Other roads within the mine lease should be wetted regularly with tanker-mounted water sprinkling system. The other areas of dust generation like crushing zone, material transfer points, material yards etc. should invariably be provided with dust suppression arrangements. The air pollution control equipments like bag filters, vacuum suction hoods, dry fogging system etc. shall be installed at Crushers, belt-conveyors and other areas prone to air pollution. The belt conveyor should be fully covered to avoid generation of dust while transportation. PP shall take necessary measures to avoid generation of fugitive dust emissions.

n) Storage of wastes

60. The project proponent shall store/dump the waste generated within the earmarked area of the project site for mine closure as per the approved mining plan.

o) CER/EMP

- 61. The CER should be fully Implemented and fact reflected in the Half-yearly compliance report.
- 62. The EMP shall also be implemented in consultation with local self-government institutions & Govt. departments.
- 63. The follow-up action on the implementation of CER Shall be included in the compliance report.

p) Directions for Reclamation of mine sites

- 64. The mining closure plan should strictly adhere to appropriate soil rehabilitation measures to ensure ecological stability of the area. Reclamation/Restoration of the mine site should ensure that the Geotechnical, physical, chemical properties are sustainable that the soil structure composition is buildup, during the process of restoration.
- 65. The proponent shall ensure that the mine closure plan is followed as per the mining plan and the mine restoration should be done with native species, and site restored to near original status. The proponent shall ensure that the area is ecologically restored to conserve the ecosystems and ensure flow of goods and services.
- 66. A crucial factor for success of reclamation site is to select sustainable species to enable develop a self-sustaining eco system. Species selected should easily establish, grow rapidly, and possess good crown and preferably be native species. Species to be planted in the boundary of project site should be un palatable for cattle's/ goats and should have proven capacity to add leaf-litter to soil and decompose. The species planted should be adaptable to the site conditions. Should be preferably pioneer species, deciduous in nature to allow maximum leaf-litter, have deep root system, fix atmospheric nitrogen and improve soil productivity. Species selected should have the ability to tolerate altered pit and toxicity of and site. They should be capable of meeting requirement of local people in regard to fuel fodder and should be able to attract bird, bees and butterflies. The species should be planted in mixed association.
- 67. For mining area reclamation plot culture experiments to be done to identify/ determine suitable species for the site.



- 68. Top soil with a mix of beneficial microbes (Bacteria/Fungi) to be used for reclamation of mine spoils. AM Fungi (Arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi), plant growth promoting Rhizo Bacteria and nitrogen fixing bacteria to be utilized.
- 69. Soil and moisture conservation and water harvesting structures to be used where ever possible for early amelioration and restoration of site.
- 70. Top soil is most important for successful rehabilitation of mined sites. Topsoil contains majority of seeds and plant propagation, soil microorganism, Organic matter and plant nutrients. Wherever possible the topsoil should be immediately used in the area of the for land form reconstruction, to pre mining conditions.
- 71. Over burdens may be analyzed and tested for soil characteristics and used in the site for revegetation. Wherever possible seeds, rhizome, bulbs, etc of pioneering spices should be collected, preserved and used in restoring the site.
- 72. Native grasses seeds may be used as colonizers and soil binders, to prevent erosion and allow diverse self- sustaining plant communities to establish. Grasses may offer superior tolerance to drought, and climatic stresses.
- 73. Reclamation involves planned topographical reconstruction of site. Care to be taken to minimize erosion and runoff. Topsoils should have necessary physical, chemicals, ecological, properties and therefore should be stored with precautions and utilized for reclamation process. Stocked topsoil should be stabilized using grasses to protect from wind. Seeds of various indigenous and local species may be broad casted after topsoil and treated overburden are spread.
- 74. Alkaline soils, acidic soils, Saline soils should be suitably treated/amended using green manure, mulches, farmyard manure to increase organic carbon. The efforts should be taken to landscape and use the land post mining. The EMP and mine closure plan should provide adequate budget for re-establishing the site to pre-mining conditions. Effective steps should be taken for utilization of over burden. Mine waste to be used for backfilling, reclamation, restoration, and rehabilitation of the terrain without affecting the drainage and water regimes. The rate of rehabilitation should be similar to rate of mining. The land disturbed should be reshaped for long term use. Mining should be as far as possible be eco-friendly. Integration of rehabilitation strategies with mining plan will enable speedy restoration.
- 75. Efforts should to taken to aesthetically improve the mine site. Generally, there are two approaches to restoration i.e Ecological approach which allows tolerant species to

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establish following the succession process allowing pioneer species to establish. The other approach i.e plantation approach is with selected native species are planted. A blend of both methods may be used to restore the site by adding soil humus and mycorrhiza.

76. Action taken for restoration of the site should be specifically mentioned in the EC compliances.

CONDITIONS IMPOSED BY SEAC:

- 1. The prior Environmental Clearance granted for this mining project shall be valid subject to the standard conditions as per the Annexure I of this minutes & normal conditions stipulated by MOEF &CC.
- 2. Tree plantation & fencing and installation of garland drainage with siltation tank around the mine lease area shall be completed before execution of the mine lease.
- 3. The PP shall ensure that the loaded trucks are covered with a tarpaulin cover to avoid the spillage & dust pollution while transportation.
- 4. The PP shall register promptly through online in the Shram Suvidha Portal which is the official portal of Ministry of Labour & Employment, Govt of India to obtain Labour Identification Number (LIN) before obtaining the CTO from the TNPCB.
- 5. The PP shall furnish a sworn affidavit for maintaining the safety benches of size (Bench Height of 5m & Bench Width of 5m) while carrying out the mining operations, as per the approved mining plan.
- 6. The PP shall abide by the mitigation and restoration measures provided in the Environment Management plan prepared for the project life.
- 7. The project proponent shall maintain 7.5m greenbelt in safety zone and such plantation should not be disturbed.
- 8. The PP shall strictly satisfy the requirements of the provisions of Mines Act 1952, the regulations of MMR 1961 and the DGMS Circulars, the Environment Act & Rules, 1986, and other laws, orders pertaining to the quarry operation without any deviation.
- 9. The PP shall not carry out the deep-hole blasting operations during the life of the project.
- 10. As accepted by the Project Proponent the CER cost is **Rs. 4 Lakhs** and the amount shall be spent towards Panchapalli (Palayam) & Namandahalli Government Schools for the activities as committed before obtaining CTO from TNPCB

ANNEXURE -I

Category		Conditions
	1.1.	Prior approval shall be secured from the SEIAA for any modification
		/ change in the Project mentioned in the Environmental Clearance
		(EC).
	1.2.	The Environmental Clearance (EC) shall be renewed in accordance
		with EIA Notification, 2006 vide S.O.2944 (E) dated: 14.09.2016, as
		amended from time to time.
	1.3.	The EC does not exempt the Proponent and/or his appointed
		contractors and operator from securing other government approvals
		or preclude other agencies/departments from enforcing their rules and
		regulations.
	1.4.	CTO from TNPCB shall be obtained and complied with.
	1.5.	A copy of the EC shall be kept at the Project site at all times. The
		Project Owner and/or its appointed contractors and operator shall
		allow access, and provide assistance to the authorised SEIAA officers
1. General		and engineers in carrying out inspections, incident investigations,
		taking of pictures, and in obtaining relevant information such as
		onsite sources of emissions and effluent discharges at any time.
	1.6.	Any environment-related incidents and complaints shall be reported
		to SEIAA within twenty-four (24) hours. The incident report shall
		describe the likely cause, the time of occurrence, and the conditions
		under which an incident occurred, the extent of impact, and the
		remedial actions undertaken.
	1.7.	A Half-Yearly Compliance Report (HYCR), including environmental
		protection measures implementation and monitoring, and a brief
		description with photo documentation shall be submitted to SEIAA
		and IRO, MoEF&CC.
	1.8.	The EC Holder shall send 'Notice of Opening', to the Director of
		Mine Safety, Chennai Region, as required under the section 16 of the
		Mines Act 1952 before commencement of mining operations.
	1.9.	While transporting the mined material, the ECH shall ensure that
		there is no over loading of trucks/trippers/tractors. Every load

		transported should be weighed in an approved weighing station and
		the details should be maintained by the ECH.
	2.1	Topsoil shall be segregated, stockpiled, and protected from wind and
		water erosion, or contaminants. The segregated top soil shall not be
		disturbed by surface operations, such as roads and areas upon which
		support facilities are to be sited.
	2.2	As per the directions contained in the OM F.No.22-34/2018-IA.III
		dated 16th January 2020 issued by MoEF & CC, the ECH shall,
		undertake re-grassing the mining area and any other area which may
		have been disturbed due to his mining activities and restore the land
		to a condition which is fit for growth of fodder, flora, fauna etc. The
		compliance of this direction shall be included in the Half Yearly
		Compliance Report.
	2.3	The ECH must not carry out any activity:
		• Within 60 m from the Reserve Forest.
		Within the notified environmentally sensitive area of notified
		protected areas.
		Within 1 km of protected areas where the environmentally
2. Land		sensitive area has not been notified.
	2.4	The ECH must design, install and maintain adequate erosion and
		sediment control structures wherever necessary to prevent or
		minimise erosion of disturbed areas and the sedimentation and/or
		blockage of any watercourse, waterway, or water body.
	2.5	The ECH shall undertake in a phased manner restoration, reclamation
		and rehabilitation of lands affected by the quarrying operations and
		shall complete this work before the conclusion of such operations as
		per the Environmental Management Plan & the approved Mine
		Closure Plan.
	2.6	The ECH must not carry out any activity within 300m of an identified
		historical and archaeological site.



	3.1	Monitoring of drainage water should be carried out at different				
		seasons by an NABL accredited lab and any discharged water into the				
		natural stream should meet CPCB standards.				
	3.2	Ground water quality monitoring should be conducted once in every				
		six months and the report should be submitted to TNPCB. As a part				
		of Ground Water Management, the ECH shall carry out the scientific				
		studies to assess the existing hydrogeological conditions (water				
		table in the core & buffer zones) and impacts of the quarrying				
		operation on the ground water level present in the core zone,				
		during the 2 nd year of the mining operation, by involving any one of				
		the reputed Research and Academic Institutions. A copy the report				
		shall be submitted to the SEIAA, MoEF&CC, TNPCB, WRD and				
3. Water		DMS, Chennai.				
	3.3	The ECH shall construct a garland drain of appropriate size, gradient				
		and length around the proposed quarry incorporating garland canal,				
		silt traps, siltation pond and outflow channel connecting to a natural				
		drain prior to the commencement of mining. Garland drain, silt-traps,				
		siltation ponds and outflow channel should be de-silted periodically				
		and geo-tagged photographs of the process should be included in the				
		HYCR.				
	3.4	The operation of the quarry should not affect the agricultural				
		activities & water bodies near the project site and a 50 m safety				
		distance from water body should be maintained without carrying any				
		activity.				
	A 1	The ECH must not cause any release of dust that is not in conformity				
	4.1	with the National Ambient Air Quality Standards.				
		The following measures along with any other measures shall be				
		implemented by the ECH to control dust pollution.				
4. Air	4.0	• Installing pollution control equipment (e.g. fitting bag filters				
	4.2	or a cyclone to dust generating equipment).				
		Altering work practices to avoid or minimise the generation of				
		dust.				
		\cap				

		 Scheduling activities during times when they will have least 				
		impact.				
		• Spraying water on roads and tracks.				
		Re-vegetating disturbed areas as soon as possible.				
	4.3	The ECH shall ensure that the loaded trucks are covered to avoid the				
	7.5	spillage & dust pollution while transportation.				
		The ECH shall use the jack hammer drill machine fitted with the dust				
	4.4	extractor for the drilling operations such that the fugitive dust is				
		controlled effectively at the source.				
	5.1	Appropriate measures should be taken for control of noise levels				
		below 85 dBA in the work environment. (i) Workers engaged in				
		operations of HEMM, etc. should be provided with Ear plugs/muffs,				
		(ii) Noise levels should be monitored regularly (on weekly basis) near				
-		the major sources of noise generation within the core zone.				
*	5.2	The ECH must ensure that the ground vibration (peak particle				
		relocity) shall not exceed the threshold limits prescribed by DGMS				
		vide the DGMS Circular No. 7, of 1997.				
	5.3	The ECH shall monitor the whole-body vibration level of all the				
		nachineries deployed and shall undertake adequate measures to				
5. Noise &		reduce whole-body vibration (WBV) exposure to eliminate the				
Vibration		adverse occupational health hazards/impacts caused to the operators.				
V 101 HUIOII		The report on the periodic monitoring shall be included in the HYCR.				
	5.4	The ECH shall carry out blasting in such a manner that the blast-				
		induced ground vibration level (Peak Particle Velocity) measured in				
		the houses/structures located at a distance of 300 m shall not exceed				
		2.0 mm/s and no fly rock shall travel beyond 20 m from the site of				
		blasting.				
	5.5	Proper barriers to reduce noise level and dust pollution should be				
		established by providing greenbelt along the boundary of the				
		quarrying site.				
	5.6	The ECH shall ensure that the blasting operations shall be carried out				
		with a prior notice to the habitations situated around the proposed				
		$() \land$				

		quarry. The ECH also should post sentries/guards adequately to
		ensure safety to the public.
	5.7	The purpose of green belt around the project is to capture the fugitive
		emissions, carbon sequestration and to attenuate the noise generated,
		in addition to improving the aesthetics. A wide range of indigenous
		plant species should be planted as given in the appendix. The plant
		species of native origin with dense/moderate canopy should be
		chosen. Species of small/medium/tall trees alternating with shrubs
		should be planted in a mixed manner.
	5.8	Taller/one-year-old saplings raised in appropriate size of bags
		(preferably eco-friendly bags) should be planted in proper spacing as
		per the advice of local forest authorities/botanists/horticulturists with
		regard to site specific choices.
3	5.9	The ECH shall maintain a register of all the trees planted and the
		survival rate.
5.10 Adequate water sprinkling arrangements shall be in place or		Adequate water sprinkling arrangements shall be in place on the
		haulage road for fugitive dust suppression. Fugitive emission
		measurements should be carried out during the mining operation at
		regular intervals and submit the consolidated report to TNPCB once
		in six months.
	5.11	If a credible, supported complaint is made that noise or vibration is
		adversely impacting human noise receptors, then the ECH shall
		consult with affected stakeholders to develop mitigation strategies to
		resolve the complaint.
	6.1	The ECH shall comply with the provisions of the Mines Act, 1952,
		MMR 1961 and Mines Rules 1955 for ensuring safety, health and
		welfare of the people working in the mines and the surrounding
		habitants.
		The PP shall mark the DGPS reference pillars painted with blue &
6. Social &		white colour indicating the safety barrier of 7.5 m to be left under the
OHS		Rule 13 (1) of MCDR, 1988 within the lease boundary and protective
		bunds, before obtaining the CTO from the TNPCB.
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	6.2	The proponent shall install the 'S3 (or) G2' type of fencing with
		reflectors all around the boundary of the proposed working quarry
		with gates for entry/exit before the commencement of the operation
		as recommended in the DGMS Circular, 11/1959 and shall furnish the
		photographs showing the same before obtaining the CTO from
		TNPCB.
	6.3	The ECH shall ensure that the persons employed in the quarry
		whether permanent, temporary or contractual are provided with
		adequate PPEs before engaged in mining operations.
	6.4	The ECH shall use only the road indicated in the mining plan for
		transportation purposes. ECH shall monitor the condition of the road
181		at all times and if the roads are damaged, ECH shall approach the
		District Collector for the maintenance of haulage road/village /
		Panchayat Road under DMF.
	6.5	During the operation of mine, the ECH shall take adequate safety
		precautionary measures while the vehicles pass through schools /
		hospitals.
	6.6	The ECH shall ensure that the blasting operations are carried out by
		the blaster/Mine Mate/Mine Foreman duly employed by him/her in
		accordance with the provisions of MMR 1961.
	6.7	The ECH shall register promptly through online in the Shram
		Suvidha Portal which is the official portal of Ministry of Labour &
		Employment, Govt of India to obtain Labour Identification
		Number (LIN) before obtaining the CTO from the TNPCB.
	6.8	The ECH shall annually carry out an Occupational Health Survey
		(OHS) in accordance with the guidelines & period of examination
		laid in the DGMS (Tech.) (S&T) Circular No. 01 of 2011, on OHS
		of the persons working in mines prone to generate the airborne dust,
		under Section 9A of Mines Act, 1952 and a copy of the annual
		compliance certificate shall be submitted to the SEIAA, IRO,
		MoEF&CC, TNPCB, AD/Mines-DGM and DMS, Chennai.





	6.9 The ECH shall install a 'Bio-toilet' and Rest shelter facility for the						
		persons	employed in the mine before obtaining the CTO from the				
		TNPCB					
	7.1	The EC	H shall ensure that the funds earmarked for environmental				
		protection	on measures are kept in a separate bank account and such				
_		funds sh	ould not be diverted for other purposes. Year-wise				
7.		expendi	ture should be included in the HYCR.				
Financial	7.2	As per t	he MoEF&CC Office Memorandum F.No. 22-65/2017-IA.III				
		dated: 30.09.2020 and 20.10.2020 the proponent shall adhere					
		EMP as	EMP as committed.				
	8.1	The EC	H shall ensure that the provisions of the MMDR Act, 1957 &				
		Tamil N	ladu Minor Mineral Concession Rules 1959 are compiled by				
		carrying	carrying out the quarrying operations in a skillful, scientific and				
		systema	systematic manner keeping in view proper safety of the labour,				
		structure	structure, the public and public works located in that vicinity of the				
0.04		quarryir	quarrying area and in a manner to preserve the environment and				
8. Others		ecology	of the area.				
	8.2	The EC	H shall abide by the production schedule specified in the				
		approve	d mining plan and if any deviation is observed, it will render				
		the ECH liable for legal action in accordance with Environment and					
		Mining	Mining Laws.				
	8.3	The PP to erect Display board as Appendix-II					
Abbreviation	ns:	\$					
ECH		1=	Environment Clearance Holder				
HYCR		1=	Half Yearly Compliance Report.				
СТО	CTO =		Consent to Operate				
DMF	DMF =		District Mining Fund				
IRO	IRO		Integrated Regional Office of MoEF&CC				
CPCB		=	Central Pollution Control Board				
WRD		=	Water Resources Department				
DMS			Director of Mine Safety				
OHS		=	Occupational Health and Safety				

NABL	_	National Accreditation board for Testing and Calibration	
		Laboratories	

Appendix -I List of Native Trees Suggested for Planting

No	Scientific Name	Tamil Name	Tamil Name
1	Aegle marmelos	Vilvam	ഖിസ്ഖൾ
2	Adenaanthera pavonina	Manjadi	மஞ்சாழ, ஆனைக்குன்றிமணி
3	Albizia lebbeck	Vaagai	வாகை
4	Albizia amara	Usil	உதில்
5	Bauhinia purpurea	Mantharai	மந்தாரை
6	Bauhinia racemosa	Aathi	ஆத்தி
7	Bauhinia tomentos	Iruvathi	இருவாத்தி
8	Buchanania axillaris	Kattuma	காட்டுமா
9	Borassus flabellifer	Panai	பன்ன
10	Butea monosperma	Murukkamaram	முருக்கமரம்
11	Bobax ceiba	Ilavu, Sevvilavu	ച്ചു സഖ്യ
12	Calophyllum inophyllum	Punnai	Цейсоск
13	Cassia fistula	Sarakondrai	சரக்கொன்றை
14	Cassia roxburghii	Sengondrai	செங்கொன்றை
15	Chloroxylon sweitenia	Purasamaram	பூக முழ்
16	Cochlospermum religiosum	Kongu, Manjalllavu	கோங்கு, மஞ்சள் இலவு
17	Cordia dichotoma	Naruvuli	தருவுளி.
18	Creteva adansoni	Mavalingum	மாவிலங்கம்
19	Dillenia indica	Uva, Uzha	உசா
20	Dillenia pentagyna	SiruUva, Sitruzha	சிறு உசா
21	Diospyro sebenum	Karungali	கருங்காலி
22	Diospyro schloroxylon	Vaganai	வாக்கைய
23	Ficus amplissima	Kalltchi	கஸ் இச்சி
24	Hibiscus tiliaceou	Aatrupoovarasu	ஆற்றுப்பு வர க
25	Hardwickia binata	Aacha	ஆச்சா
26	Holoptelia integrifolia	Aavili	ஆயா மரம், ஆயிலி
27	Lannea coromandelica	Odhiam	ஒதியம்
28	Lagerstroemia speciosa	Poo Marudhu	பு மருது
29	Lepisanthus tetraphylla	Neikottaimaram	தெய் கொட்டடை மரம்
30	Limonia acidissima	Vila maram	ബിനെ നിന്
31	Litsea glutinos	Pisinpattai	அரம்பா. பிசின்பட்டை
32	Madhuca longifolia	Illuppai	இலுப்பை
33	Manilkara hexandra	UlakkaiPaalai	உலக்கை பாலை
34	Mimusops clengi	Magizhamaram	மகிழமரம்
35	Mitragyna parvifolia	Kadambu	கடம்பூ
36	Morinda pubescens	Nuna	Бюжи
37	Morinda citrifolia	Vellai Nuna	வெள்ளை நுணா
38	Phoenix sylvestre	Eachai	ஈச்சமரம்
39	Pongamia pinnat	Pungam	புங்கம்





40	Prenna mollissima	Munnai	முன்னை
41	Premna serratifolia	Narumunnai	து முன்னை
42	Premna tomentosa	Malaipoovarasu	ഗരൈ பൂഖുട
43	Prosopis cinerea	Vanni maram	வன்னி மரம்
44	Pterocarpus marsupium	Vengai	வேங்கை
45	Pterospermum canescens	Vennangu, Tada	வெண்ணாங்கு
46	Pterospermum xylocarpum	Polavu	Lieveri
47	Puthranjiva roxburghi	Karipala	க றிபாலா
48	Salvadora persica	Ugaa Maram	ஊகா மரம்
49	Sapindus emarginatus	Manipungan, Soapukai	மணிப்புங்கன் சோப்புக்காய்
50	Saraca asoca	Asoca	அதோகா
51	Streblus asper	Piray maram	பிராப் மரம்
52	Strychnos nuxvomic	Yetti	எட்டி
53	Strychnos potatorum	Therthang Kottai	தேத்தான் கொட்டை
54	Syzygium cumini	Naval	தாவல்
55	Terminalia belleric	Thandri	தான்றி -
56	Terminalia arjuna	Ven marudhu	வென் மருது
57	Toona ciliate	Sandhana vembu	சந்தன வேம்பு
58	Thespesia populnea	Puvarasu	பூவரசு
59	Walsuratrifoliata	valsura	வால்கரா
60	Wrightia tinctoria	Veppalai	வெப்பாலை
61	Pithecellobium dulce	Kodukkapuli	கொடுக்காப்புளி

Appendix -III

Display Board

(Size 6' x5' with Blue Background and White Letters)

கரங்கங்களில் குவாரி செயல்பாடுகளுக்கான சுற்றுச்சூழல் அனுமதி கீழ்கண்ட நிபந்தனைகளுக்கு உட்பட்டு _தேதி வரை செல்லத்தக்கதாக உள்ளது. வழங்கப்பட்டுள்ளது selaa/_____, தேதியிடப்பட்டு, சுற்றுச்துழல் அனுமதி_ குவாரியின் எல்லையைச் கற்றி வேலி அமைக்க வேண்டும் பசுமை பகுதி வளர்ச்சி சுரங்கப்பாதையின் ஆழம் தரைமட்டத்திலிருந்து ___ மீட்டர்க்கு மிகாமல் இருக்க வேண்டும். மேம்பாட்டுக்கான சுரங்கத் திட்டம் காற்றில் <mark>மாக ஏற்படாதவாறு கரங்க பணிகளை மேற்</mark>கொள்ள வே**ண்**டும். வாகளங்கள் செல்லும் பாதையில் மாக ஏற்படாத அளவிற்கு த**ண்ண**ரை முறையாக நடப்பட்டு தண்ணிர் லாரிகளின் மூலமாக அவ்வப்போது தெளிக்க வேண்டும். பராமரிக்கப்படவே**ண்**டிய மரங்கள் இரைச்சல் அளவையும் தூசி மாசுபாட்டையும் குறைப்பதற்காக குவாரியின் எல்லையை சுற்றி அடர்த்தியான பசுமை பகுதியை ஏற்படுத்த வேண்டும். சுரங்கத்தில் Qவடி வைக்கும்பொழுது நிலஅதிர்வுகள் ஏற்படாதவாறும் மற்றும் கற்கள் பறக்காதவாகும் பாதுகாப்பு நடவடிக்கைகளை உள்ளிப்பாக செயல்படுத்தப்பட வேண்டும். சுரங்கத்தில் இருந்து ஏற்படும் இரைச்சல் அளவு 85 டேசிபல்ஸ் (dBA) அளவிற்கு மேல் ஏற்படாதவாறு தகுந்த கட்டுப்பாடுகளை மேற் கொள்ள வே**ண்டு**ம். ்சுரங்க சட்ட விதிகள் 1985ண் கீழ் சுரங்கத்தில் உள்ள பணியார்களுக்கு தகுந்த பாதுகாப்பு கருவிகள் வழங்கவதோடு சுகாதாரமுள்ள கழிப்பறை வசதிகளை செய்து தர வேண்டும். கிராமம் அல்லது பஞ்சாபத்து வழியாக வாகனங்கள் செல்லும் **சாலையை** தொடர்ந்து **நன்கு** பராமரிக்க வேண்டும். கரங்கப்பணிகளால் அருகில் உள்ள விவசாயப் பணிகள் மற்றும் நீர்நிலைகள் பாதிக்கப்படக் கூடாது. நீர்நிலைகள் பாதிக்கப்படாமல் இருப்பதை உறுதி செய்யும் வகையில் நிலத்தடி நீரின் தரத்தினை தொடர்ந்து கண்காணிக்க வேண்டும். சுரங்கத்திலிருந்து கனிம் பொருட்களை எடுத்துச் செல்வது கிராம மக்களுக்கு எந்தத் சிரமத்தினையும் ஏற்படுத்தாதவாறு பாதுகாப்போடும் மற்றும் சுற்றுதழல் பாதிக்கவாத வ**ண்ண**ம் வாகளங்களை **இய**க்க வே**ண்**டும். கரங்கப்பணிகள் முடிக்கப்பட்டவுடன் சுரங்க மூடல் திட்டத்தில் உள்ளவாறு சுரங்கத்தினை மூட வேண்டும். சுரங்க நடவடிக்கைகளை முடித்தபி**ன்னர் சுரங்கப் பகுதி மற்றும் சுரங்க நடவடிக்கைகளால் இடையூறு ஏற்படக்கூடிய** வேறு எந்தப் பகுதியையும் மறுகட்டுமானம் செய்து தாவரங்கள் விலங்குகள் ஆகியவற்றின் வளர்ச்சிக்கு ஏற்ற வகையில் பசுமைப்பகுதியை உருவாக்க வேண்டும். மு முமையான நிபந்தனைகளை அறிய பாரிவேஷ் (http://parlvesh.nic.in) என்கிற இணையதளத்தைப் பார்வையிடவும். மேலும் எந்தவித சுற்றுசூழல் சார்ந்த புகார்களுக்கு சென்னையில் உள்ள சுற்றுச்சூழல் மற்றும் வன அமைச்சகத்தின் ஒருங்கிணைந்த வட்டார அலுவலகம்: 044 — 28222325 (அல்லது) தமிழ்நாடு மாசு கட்டுப்பாடு வாரியத்தின் மாவட்ட சுற்றுச்சூழல் பொரியாளரை அணுகவும்.

STANDARD CONDITIONS

Part-A: Conditions to be Complied before commencing mining operations:-

- 1. The project proponent shall advertise in at least two local newspapers widely circulated in the region, one of which shall be in the vernacular language informing the public that
 - I. The project has been accorded Environmental Clearance.
 - II. Copies of clearance letters are available with the Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board.
 - III. Environmental Clearance may also be seen on the website of the SEIAA.
 - IV. The advertisement should be made within 7 days from the date of receipt of the clearance letter and a copy of the same shall be forwarded to the SEIAA.
- 2. Mining activity should be reviewed by the District Collector after three years and decide for further extension.
- 3. NOC from the Standing committee of the NBWL shall be obtained, if protected areas are located within 10 Km from the proposed project site.
- 4. The project proponent shall comply the conditions laid down in the Section V, Rule 36 of Tamil Nadu Minor Minerals Concession Rules 1959.
- 5. A copy of the Environment Clearance letter shall be sent by the proponent to the concerned Panchayat, Town Panchayat / Panchayat union/ Municipal Corporation, Urban Local Body and the Local NGO, if any, from whom suggestions/ representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal. The clearance letter shall also be put on the website of the proponent and also kept at the site, for the general public to see.
- 6. Quarry lease area should be demarcated on the ground with wire fencing to show the boundary of the lease area on all sides with red flags on every pillar shall be erected before commencement of quarrying.
- 7. The proponent shall ensure that First Aid Box is available at site.
- 8. The excavation activity shall not alter the natural drainage pattern of the area.
- 9. The excavated pit shall be restored by the project proponent for useful purposes.

MEMBER SECRETAR

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- 10. The proponent shall quarry and remove only in the permitted areas as per the approved Mining Plan details.
- 11. The quarrying operation shall be restricted between 7AM and 5 PM.
- 12. The proponent shall take necessary measures to ensure that there shall not be any adverse impacts due to quarrying operation on the nearby human habitations, by way of pollution to the environment.
- 13. A minimum distance of 50mts. from any civil structure shall be kept from the periphery of any excavation area.
- 14. The mined out pits should be backfilled where warranted and area should be suitably landscaped to prevent environmental degradation. The mine closure plan as furnished in the proposal shall be strictly followed with back filling and tree plantation.
- 15. Wet drilling method is to be adopted to control dust emissions. Delay detonators and shock tube initiation system for blasting shall be used so as to reduce vibration and dust.
- 16. Drilling and blasting shall be done only either by licensed explosive agent or by the proponent after obtaining required approvals from Competent Authorities.
- 17. Blasting shall be carried out after announcing to the public adequate through public address system to avoid any accident.
- 18. A study has to be conducted to assess the optimum blast parameters and blast design to keep the vibration limits less than prescribed levels and only such design and parameters should be implemented while blasting is done. Periodical monitoring of the vibration at specified location to be conducted and records kept for inspection.
- 19. The Proponent shall take appropriate measures to ensure that the GLC shall comply with the revised NAAQ norms notified by MoEF&CC, GoI on 16.11.2009.
- 20. The following measures are to be implemented to reduce Air Pollution during transportation of mineral
 - i. Roads shall be graded to mitigate the dust emission.
 - ii. Water shall be sprinkled at regular interval on the main road and other service roads to suppress dust
- 21. The following measures are to be implemented to reduce Noise Pollution
 - i. Proper and regular maintenance of vehicles and other equipment
 - ii. Limiting time exposure of workers to excessive noise.

MEMBER CECRETAL

- iii. The workers employed shall be provided with protection equipment and earmuffs etc.
- iv. Speed of trucks entering or leaving the mine is to be limited to moderate speed of 25 kmph to prevent undue noise from empty trucks.
- v. All noise generating machinery the compressor, generator to be enclosed in acoustic enclosure so as to reduce noise in working area.
- 22. Measures should be taken to comply with the provisions laid under Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control)(Amendment) Rules, 2010, dt: 11.01.2010 issued by the MoEF&CC, GoI to control noise to the prescribed levels.
- 23. Suitable conservation measures to augment groundwater resources in the area shall be planned and implemented in consultation with Regional Director, CGWB. Suitable measures should be taken for rainwater harvesting.
- 24. Permission from the competent authority should be obtained for drawl of ground water, if any, required for this project.
- 25. Topsoil, if any, shall be stacked properly with proper slope with adequate measures and should be used for plantation purpose.
- 26. The following measures are to be adopted to control erosion of dumps:
 - i. Retention/ toe walls shall be provided at the foot of the dumps.
 - ii. Worked out slopes are to be stabilized by planting appropriate shrub/ grass species on the slopes.
- 27. Waste oils, used oils generated from the EM machines, mining operations, if any, shall be disposed as per the Hazardous & other wastes (Management, and Trans Boundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and its amendments thereof to the recyclers authorized by TNPCB.
- 28. Concealing the factual data or failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
- 29. Rain water harvesting to collect and utilize the entire water falling in land area should be provided.
- 30. Rain water getting accumulated in the quarry floor shall not be discharged directly to the nearby stream or water body. If it is to be let into the nearby water body, it has to be discharged into a silt trap on the surface within the lease area and only the overflow

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- after allowing settling of soil be let into the nearby waterways. The silt trap should be of sufficient dimensions to catch all the silt water being pumped out during one season. The silt trap should be cleaned of all the deposited silt at the end of the season and kept ready for taking care of the silt in the next season.
- 31. The lease holder shall undertake adequate safeguard measures during extraction of material and ensure that due to this activity, the hydro-geological regime of the surrounding area shall not be affected. Regular monitoring of ground water level and quality shall be carried out around the mine lease area during the mining operation. If at any stage, if it is observed that the groundwater table is getting depleted due to the mining activity; necessary corrective measures shall be carried out. District Collector/mining officer shall ensure this.
- 32. No tree-felling shall be done in the leased area, except only with the permission from competent Authority.
- 33. To take up environmental monitoring of the proposed quarry site before, during and after the mining activities including vibration study data, water, air & flora/fauna environment, slurry water generated/disposed and method of disposal, involving a reputed academic Institution.
- 34. It shall be ensured that the total extent of nearby quarries(existing, abandoned and proposed) located within 500 meter radius from the periphery of this quarry is not exceeding 5 hectares within the mining lease period of this application.
- 35. It shall be ensured that there is no habitation is located within 300 meter radius from the periphery of the quarry site and also ensure that no hindrance will be caused to the people of the habitation located within 300m radius from the periphery of the quarry site.
- 36. Free Silica test should be conducted and reported to TNPCB, Department of Geology and Mining and Regional Director, MoEF&CC, GOI.
- 37. Air sampling at intersection point should be conducted and reported to TNPCB, Department of Geology and Mining and Regional Director, MoEF&CC, GOI.
- 38. Bunds to be provided at the boundary of the project site.
- 39. The project proponent shall undertake plantation/afforestation work by planting the native species on all side of the lease area at the rate of 400/Ha. Suitable tall tree saplings should be planted on the bunds and other suitable areas in and around the work place.

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- 40. Floor of excavated pit to be levelled and sides to be sloped with gentle slope (Except for granite quarries) in the mine closure phase.
- 41. The Project Proponent shall ensure a minimum of 2.5% of the annual turnover will be utilized for the CSR Activity
- 42. The Project Proponent shall provide solar lighting system to the nearby villages.
- 43. Earthen bunds and barbed wire fencing around the pits with green belt all along the boundary shall be developed and maintained.
- 44. Safety equipments to be provided to all the employees.
- 45. Safety distance of 50m has to be provided in case of railway, reservoir, canal/odai
- 46. The Assistant/Deputy Director, Department of Geology & mining shall ensure that the proponent has engaged the blaster with valid Blasting license/certificate obtained from the competent authority before execution of mining lease.
- 47. The proponent shall furnish the Baseline data covering the Air, Water, Noise and land environment quality for the proposed quarry site before execution of mining lease.
- 48. The proponent shall erect the pillars in accordance with the Rules for depicting GPS details in the earmarked boundary of the quarry site to monitor electronically before execution of mining.
- 49. The proponent has to provide insurance protection to the workers in the case of existing mining or provide the affidavit in case of fresh lease before execution of mining lease.
- 50. The proponent has to display the name board at the quarry site showing the details of Proponent, lease period, extent, etc., with respect to the existing activity before execution of mining.
- 51. Heavy earth machinery equipments if utilized, after getting approval from the competent authority.
- 52. The Proponent shall ensure that the project activity including blasting, mining transportation etc should in no way have adverse impact to the other forests, such as reserve forests and social forests, tree plantation and bio diversity, surrounding water bodies etc.
- 53. The proponent shall provide Green Belt development at the rate of not less than 400 trees/Hectare. The tree saplings shall be not less than 3m height.



- 54. The fugitive emissions should be monitored during the mining activity and should be reported to TNPCB once in a month and the operation of the quarry should no way impact the agriculture activity & water bodies near the project site.
- 55. All the commitment made by the project proponent in the proposal shall be strictly followed.
- 56. The mining lease holders shall, after ceasing mining operations, undertake re-grassing the mining area and any other area which may have been disturbed due to their mining activities and restore the land to a condition which is fit for growth of fodder, flora, fauna etc.
- 57. The Project proponent has to strictly comply the outcome/direction of the Hon'ble NGT, Principle Bench, New Delhi in the O.A No.186 of 2016 (M.A.No.350/2016), O.A. No.200/2016, O.A.No.580/2016 (M.A.No.1182/2016), O.A.No.102/2017, O.A.No.404/ 2016 (M.A.No. 758/2016, M.A. No. 920 /2016, M.A.No.1122/2016, M.A.No. 12/2017 & M.A.No.843/2017), O.A.No.405/2016 and O.A.No.520 of 2016 (M.A.No.981/2016, M.A.No.982/2016 & M.A.No.384/2017).
- 58. All required sanitary and hygienic measures should be in place before starting construction activities and they have to be maintained throughout the construction phase.
- 59. The company shall stress upon the preventive aspects of occupational health.
- 60. A separate environment and safety management cell with qualified staff shall be set up before commissioning of construction activities and shall be retained throughout the lifetime of the industry, for implementation of the stipulated environmental safeguards.
- 61. A scientific site/ecological rehabilitation and restoration plan on long term basis should be drawn to carryout restoration with native species and Bio diversity.
- 62. The Green/Blue plan should guide the restoration of the site. The rehabilitation/restoration plan should be submitted to SEIAA-TN within one month. If applicable.
- 63. The existing water bodies should not be disturbed to ensure sustainable environment for aquatic life forms.
- 64. The proponent should completely implement all environmental pollution control measures as detailed in the EIA report and in the additional report.



- 65. Avenue plantation wherever needed has to be carried out along the route for dust suppression.
- 66. The green belt developed for the prevention of dust pollution should not form a part of the larger green belt development envisaged in the EIA report.
- 67. Regular monitoring and check up for pulmonary and carcinogenic diseases to be carried out regularly, not only for the workers involved in the mines but also to the people in the villages adjoining the mines. Interaction with the Primary Health Centre & district medical officer should be on regular basis to monitor the incidence of the diseases if any and to provide suitable medical facility for the patients.
- 68. Monitoring of well water levels and water quality of the wells in the locations furnished in the EIA report shall be done during pre-monsoon and post monsoon period and results submitted to the Regional Office of MoEF, Chennai and SEIAA.
- 69. Monitoring of water quality and air quality in and around the project site in the selected monitoring points as mentioned in the EIA report shall be continued regularly involving Academic Institutions.
- 70. Hydro geological study including infiltration test shall be conducted by any reputed agency to estimate leachate quantity.
- 71. Regular medical check-up for mine workers and nearby residents around the project site involving community medical centre/NIMH shall be conducted.
- 72. As per norms, the health study should be conducted through competent/approved health organization and report submitted for one year.
- 73. The effective safe guard measures shall be provided to control particulate dust level in critical areas, transfer points and haul road within the mine area.
- 74. NOC from the State GWA for drawing ground water shall be obtained, if ground water table is intersected.
- 75. Green belt shall be provided as per norms of MoEF&CC, GOI, in consultation with local DFO.
- 76. All the recommendations made in the EIA report of the project shall be effectively implemented.

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- 77. A booklet containing the Dos and Don'ts shall be prepared in vernacular languages for the use of the mine engineers/ managers and the workers to ensure that all necessary environmental, safety and health measures are undertaken.
- 78. All the environmental protection measures and safeguards as recommended in the EIA report shall be complied with.
- 79. Hydro geological study of the area shall be reviewed annually and report submitted to the Authority. No water bodies including natural drainage system in the area shall be disturbed due to activities associated with the operation of the Mining activity.
- 80. A separate Environmental Management Cell equipped with full fledged laboratory facilities to carry out the various Environmental Management and Monitoring functions shall be set up under the control of a Senior Executive.
- 81. The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environmental clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional Office of the MoEF at Chennai, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB. The criteria pollutant levels namely; RSPM, SO2, NOx or critical sector parameters, indicated for the projects shall be monitored and displayed at a convenient location near the main gate of the company in the public domain.

Part B: General Conditions:

- 1. EC is given only on the factual records, documents and the commitment furnished in non judicial stamp paper by the proponent.
- 2. The Proponent shall obtain the Consent from the TNPC Board before commencing the activity.
- 3. No change in mining technology and scope of working should be made without prior approval of the SEIAA, Tamil Nadu.
- 4. No change in the calendar plan including excavation, quantum of mineral (minor mineral) should be made.
- 5. Effective safeguard measures, such as regular water sprinkling shall be carried out in critical areas prone to air pollution and having high levels of particulate matter such as loading and unloading point and all transfer points. Extensive water sprinkling shall be carried out on haul roads. It should be ensured that the Ambient Air Quality parameters conform to the norms prescribed by the Central Pollution Control Board in this regard.

- 6. Effective safeguards shall be adopted against health risks on account of breeding of vectors in the water bodies created due to excavation of earth.
- 7. A berm shall be left from the boundary of adjoining field having a width equal to at least half the depth of proposed excavation.
- 8. Loading and unloading areas including all the transfer points should also have efficient dust control arrangements. These should be properly maintained and operated.
- 9. Vehicular emissions shall be kept under control and be regularly monitored. The mineral transportation shall be carried out through the covered trucks only and the vehicles carrying the mineral shall not be overloaded.
- 10. Access and haul roads to the quarrying area should be restored in a mutually agreeable manner where these are considered unnecessary after extraction has been completed.
- 11. All Personnel shall be provided with protective respiratory devices including safety shoes, masks, gloves etc. Supervisory people should be provided with adequate training and information on safety and health aspects. Occupational health surveillance program of the workers should be undertaken periodically to observe any contractions due to exposure to dust and take corrective measures, if needed.
- 12. Periodical medical examination of the workers engaged in the project shall be carried out and records maintained. For the purpose, schedule of health examination of the workers should be drawn and followed accordingly. The workers shall be provided with personnel protective measures such as masks, gloves, boots etc.
- 13. Workers/labourers shall be provided with facilities for drinking water and sanitation facility for Female and Male separately.
- 14. The project proponent shall ensure that child labour is not employed in the project as per the sworn affidavit furnished.
- 15. The funds earmarked for environmental protection measures should be kept in separate account and should not be diverted for other purpose. Year wise expenditure should be reported to the Ministry of Environment and Forests and its Regional Office located at Chennai.
- 16. The Environmental Clearance does not absolve the applicant/proponent of his obligation/requirement to obtain other statutory and administrative clearances from other statutory and administrative authorities.

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- 17. This Environmental Clearance does not imply that the other statutory / administrative clearances shall be granted to the project by the concerned authorities. Such authorities would be considering the project on merits and be taking decisions independently of the Environmental Clearance
- 18. The SEIAA, Tamil Nadu may alter/modify the above conditions or stipulate any further conditions in the interest of environment protection.
- 19. The SEIAA, Tamil Nadu may cancel the Environmental Clearance granted to this project under the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006, at any stage of the validity of this Environmental Clearance, if it is found or if it comes to the knowledge of this SEIAA, TN that the project proponent has deliberately concealed and/or submitted false or misleading information or inadequate data for obtaining the Environmental Clearance.
- 20. Failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and attract action under the provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
- 21. The above conditions will be enforced inter-alia, under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991, along with their amendments, Minor Mineral Conservation & Development Rules, 2010 framed under MMDR Act 1957, National Commission for protection of Child Right Rules, 2006, Wildlife Protection Act, 1972, Forest Conservation Act, 1980, Biodiversity Conservation Act, 2016, the Biological Diversity Act, 2002 and Biological diversity Rules, 2004 and Rules made there under and also any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India/Hon'ble High Court of Madras and any other Courts of Law relating to the subject matter.
- 22. Any other conditions stipulated by other Statutory/Government authorities shall be complied.
- 23. Any appeal against this Environmental Clearance shall lie with the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.
- 24. The Environmental Clearance is issued based on the documents furnished by the project proponent. In case any documents found to be incorrect/not in order at a later date the Environmental Clearance issued to the project will be deemed to be revoked/cancelled.

Copy to:

- 1. The Secretary, Ministry of Mines, Government of India, ShastriBhawan, New Delhi.
- 2. The Principal Secretary to Government, Environment and Forests Department, Tamil Nadu.
- 3. The Additional Chief Secretary to Government, Natural Resource Department, Tamil Nadu.
- 4. The Additional Principal Chief Conservator of Forests, Regional Office (SZ), 34, HEPC Building, 1st& 2nd Floor, Cathedral Garden Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai 34.
- The Chair Person, Central Pollution Control Board, PariveshBhawan, CBD-Cum-Office Complex, East Arjun Nagar, New Delhi-110 032.
- 6. The Chair Person, TNPC Board, 76, Mount Salai, Guindy, Chennai-32
- 7. The District Collector, Dharmapuri District
- 8. The Commissioner of Geology and Mines, Guindy, Chennai-32
- 9. The Assistant Director, Department of Geology & Mining, Dharmapuri District.
- 10. El Division, Ministry of Environment & Forests, Paryavaran Bhawan, New Delhi.
- 11. File Copy